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(LPO), a deposit production office (DPO), and a remote service unit (RSU) is not a "branch" within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. 36(j) by virtue of that combination. Since an LPO, DPO, or RSU is not, individually, a branch under 12 U.S.C. 36(j), any combination of these facilities at one location does not create a branch.

[64 FR 60100, Nov. 4, 1999]

## PART 8—ASSESSMENT OF FEES; NA-TIONAL BANKS; DISTRICT OF CO-LUMBIA BANKS

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AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 481, 482, and 3102 and 3108; 15 U.S.C. 78c and 78l; and 26 D.C. Code 102.

#### §8.1 Scope and application.

The assessments contained in this part are made pursuant to the authority contained in 12 U.S.C. 93A, 481, 482 and 3102; 15 U.S.C. 78 c and 1; and 26 D.C. Code 102.

[55 FR 49842, Nov. 30, 1990]

#### §8.2 Semiannual assessment.

(a) Each national bank and each District of Columbia bank shall pay to the Comptroller of the Currency a semiannual assessment fee, due by January 31 and July 31 of each year, for the sixmonth period beginning 30 days before each payment date. The amount of the semiannual assessment paid by each bank is computed as follows:

If the banks' total assets (consolidated domestic and foreign subsidies) are:		The semiannual assessment is:		
		This amount—	Plus	
Over—	But not over—	Base amount Marginal rates	Of excess over—	
Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
Million	Million			Million
\$0	\$2	\$0	Y1	\$0
2	20	X1	Y2	2
20	100	X2	Y3	20
100	200	X3	Y4	100
200	1,000	X4	Y5	200
1,000	2,000	X5	Y6	1,000
2,000	6,000	X6	Y7	2,000
6,000	20,000	X7	Y8	6,000
20,000	40,000	X8	Y9	20,000
40,000		X9	Y10	40,000

- (1) Every national bank falls into one of the ten asset-size brackets denoted by Columns A and B. A bank's semi-annual assessment is composed of two parts. The first part is the calculation of a base amount of the assessment, which is computed on the assets of the bank up to the lower endpoint (Column A) of the bracket in which it falls. This base amount of the assessment is calculated by the OCC in Column C.
- (2) The second part is the calculation by the bank of assessments due on the remaining assets of the bank in excess of Column E. The excess is assessed at the marginal rate shown in Column D.
- (3) The total semiannual assessment is the amount in Column C, plus the amount of the bank's assets in excess Column E times the marginal rate in Column D: Assessments = C+[(Assets—E) x D].
- (4) Each year, the OCC may index the marginal rates in Column D to adjust for the percent change in the level of prices, as measured by changes in the Gross Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator (GDPIPD) for each June-to-June period. The OCC may at its discretion adjust marginal rates by amounts less than the percentage change in GDPIPD. The OCC will also

adjust the amounts in Column C to reflect any change made to the marginal rate.

- (5) The specific marginal rates and complete assessment schedule will be published in the "Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees", provided for at §8.8 of this part. Each semiannual assessment is based upon the total assets shown in the bank's most recent "Consolidated Report of Condition (Including Domestic and Foreign Subsidiaries)" (Call Report) preceding the payment date. The assessment shall be computed in the manner and on the form provided by the Comptroller of the Currency. Each bank subject to the jurisdiction of the Comptroller of the Currency on the date of the second or fourth quarterly Call Report required by the Office under 12 U.S.C. 161 is subject to the full assessment for the next six-month period.
- (6)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the OCC may reduce the semiannual assessment for each non-lead bank by a percentage that it will specify in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (ii) For purposes of this paragraph (a)(6):
- (A) Lead bank means the largest national bank controlled by a company, based on a comparison of the total assets held by each national bank controlled by that company as reported in each bank's Call Report filed for the quarter immediately preceding the payment of a semiannual assessment.
- (B) Non-lead bank means a national bank that is not the lead bank controlled by a company that controls two or more national banks.
- (C) Control and company have the same meanings as these terms have in sections 2(a)(2) and 2(b), respectively, of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 (a)(2) and (b)).
- (7) The OCC shall adjust the semiannual assessment computed in accordance with paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) of this section by multiplying that figure by 1.25 for each bank that receives a rating of 3, 4, or 5 under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System at its most recent examination

- (b)(1) Each Federal branch and each Federal agency shall pay to the Comptroller of the Currency on or before January 31 and July 31 of each year a semiannual assessment fee for the six month period beginning thirty days before each payment date.
- (2) The amount of the semiannual assessment paid by each Federal branch and Federal agency shall be computed at the same rate as provided in the Table in 12 CFR 8.2(a); however, only the total domestic assets of the Federal branch or Federal agency shall be subject to assessment.
- (3) Each semiannual assessment of each Federal branch or Federal agency is based upon the total assets shown in the Call Report most recently preceding the payment date. The assessment shall be computed in the manner and on the form provided by the OCC. Each Federal branch or Federal agency subject to the jurisdiction of the OCC on the date of the second and fourth Call Reports is subject to the full assessment for the next six month period.
- (4)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the OCC may reduce the semiannual assessment for each non-lead Federal branch or agency by an amount that it will specify in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (ii) For purposes of this paragraph (b)(4):
- (A) Lead Federal branch or agency means the largest Federal branch or agency of a foreign bank, based on a comparison of the total assets held by each Federal branch or agency of that foreign bank as reported in each Federal branch's or agency's Call Report filed for the quarter immediately preceding the payment of a semiannual assessment.
- (B) Non-lead Federal branch or agency means a Federal branch or Federal agency that is not the lead Federal branch or agency of a foreign bank that controls two or more Federal branches or agencies.
- (5) The OCC shall adjust the semiannual assessment computed in accordance with paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(4) of this section by multiplying that figure by 1.25 for each Federal branch or Federal agency that receives

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a ROCA rating (which rates risk management, operational controls, compliance, and asset quality) of 3, 4, or 5 at its most recent examination.

[44 FR 20065, Apr. 4, 1979, as amended at 49 FR 26205, June 27, 1984; 49 FR 50602, Dec. 31, 1984; 53 FR 48627, Dec. 1, 1988; 55 FR 49842, Nov. 30, 1990; 57 FR 22416, May 28, 1992; 61 FR 64002, Dec. 2, 1996; 62 FR 54745, Oct. 21, 1997; 62 FR 64137, Dec. 4, 1997]

# §8.6 Fees and assessments for examinations and investigations; independent trust banks.

- (a) Fees. Pursuant to the authority contained in 12 U.S.C. 481 and 482, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency assesses a fee for examining fiduciary activities of national and District of Columbia banks and related entities, for conducting special examinations and investigations of national and District of Columbia banks, for conducting examinations of affiliates of national and District of Columbia banks, and for conducting examinations and investigations made pursuant to 12 CFR Part 5, Rules, Policies, and Procedures for Corporate Activities.
- (b) Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees. The OCC publishes the fee schedule for fiduciary activities, special examinations and investigations, examinations of affiliates and examinations related to corporate activities in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (c) Additional assessments on trust banks. (1) Independent trust banks. The assessment of independent trust banks will include a managed asset component, in addition to the assessment calculated according to §8.2 of this part, as follows:
- (i) Minimum fee. All independent trust banks will pay a minimum fee, to be provided in the Notice of Comptroller of the currency Fees.
- (ii) Additional amount for independent trust banks with managed assets in excess of \$1 billion. Independent trust banks with managed assets in excess of \$1billion will pay an amount that exceeds the minimum fee. The amount to be paid will be calculated by multiplying the amount of trust assets under management by a rate or rates provided by the OCC in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees.

- (2) Trust banks affiliated with full-service national banks. The OCC will assess a trust bank in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, notwithstanding that the bank is affiliated with a full-service national bank, if the OCC concludes that the affiliation is intended to evade the assessment regulation.
- (3) *Definitions*. For purposes of this paragraph (c) of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (i) Affiliate has the same meaning as this term has in 12 U.S.C. 221a(b);
- (ii) Independent trust bank is a national bank that has trust powers, does not primarily offer full-service banking, and is not affiliated with a full-service national bank; and
- (iii) Trust assets are those assets reported on Schedule A, Line 18 of the Annual Report of Trust Assets (FFIEC Form 001). The form is available by mail from the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Asset Management Division, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219.

[59 FR 59642, Nov. 18, 1994, as amended at 65 FR 75862, Dec. 5, 2000]

#### §8.7 Payment of interest on delinquent assessments and examination and investigation fees.

(a) Each national bank, each district bank, each Federal branch, and each Federal agency shall pay to the Comptroller of the currency interest on its delinquent payments of semiannual assessments. In addition, each national bank and each entity with a trust department examined by the Comptroller of the Currency and each institution that is the subject of a special examination or investigation conducted by the Comptroller of the Currency shall pay to the Comptroller of the Currency interest on its delinquent payments of examination and investigation fees. Semiannual assessment payments will be considered delinquent payments of examination and investigation fees. Semiannual assessment payments will be considered delinquent if they are received after the time for payment specified in §8.2. Examination and investigation fees will be considered delinquent if not received by the Comptroller of the Currency within 30 calendar days of the invoice date.